

EXERCISES

Practice and Problem Solving

Example 1

Simplify each expression.

1. $36^{\frac{1}{2}}$

2. $27^{\frac{1}{3}}$

3. $49^{\frac{1}{2}}$

4. $10^2 \cdot 10^2$

5. $(-3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (-3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (-3)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

6. $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 12^{\frac{1}{2}}$

7. $2^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 32^{\frac{1}{2}}$

8. $3^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot 9^{\frac{1}{3}}$

9. $3^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot 27^{\frac{1}{4}}$

Example 2

Write each expression in radical form.

10. $x^{\frac{1}{6}}$

11. $x^{\frac{1}{5}}$

12. $x^{\frac{2}{5}}$

13. $y^{\frac{2}{5}}$

14. $y^{-\frac{9}{8}}$

15. $t^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

16. $x^{1.5}$

17. $y^{1.2}$

Write each expression in exponential form.

18. $x^{\frac{1}{6}}$

19. $x^{\frac{1}{5}}$

20. $x^{\frac{2}{5}}$

21. $y^{\frac{2}{5}}$

22. $y^{-\frac{9}{8}}$

23. $t^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

24. $x^{1.5}$

25. $y^{1.2}$

Example 3

The optimal height h of the letters of a message printed on pavement is given by the formula $h = \frac{0.00252d^{2.27}}{e}$. Here d is the distance of the driver from the letters and e is the height of the driver's eye above the pavement. All of the distances are in meters. Find h for the given values of d and e .

26. $d = 100 \text{ m}, e = 1.2 \text{ m}$

27. $d = 50 \text{ m}, e = 1.2 \text{ m}$

28. $d = 50 \text{ m}, e = 2.3 \text{ m}$

29. $d = 25 \text{ m}, e = 2.3 \text{ m}$

Example 4

Simplify each number.

30. $8^{\frac{2}{3}}$

31. $64^{\frac{2}{3}}$

27. $d = 50 \text{ m}, e = 1.2 \text{ m}$

29. $d = 25 \text{ m}, e = 2.3 \text{ m}$

32. $(-8)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

33. $(-32)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

34. $(32)^{-\frac{4}{5}}$

35. $4^{1.5}$

36. $16^{1.5}$

37. $10,000^{0.75}$

38. $(x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{-3}$

39. $(x^{-\frac{4}{7}})^7$

40. $(3x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{-1}$

41. $5(x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{-1}$

42. $(-27x^{-9})^{\frac{1}{3}}$

43. $(-32y^{15})^{\frac{1}{5}}$

44. $\left(\frac{x^3}{x^{-1}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}}$

45. $\left(\frac{x^2}{x^{-11}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

46. $(x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{-\frac{2}{3}})^{-6}$

47. $(x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{-\frac{1}{6}})^{-12}$

48. $\left(\frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{v^{\frac{3}{4}}}\right)^{12}$

49. $\left(\frac{x^{-\frac{2}{3}}}{v^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{15}$

Simplify each expression. Assume that all variables are positive.

65. $x^{\frac{2}{7}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{14}}$

66. $y^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot y^{\frac{3}{10}}$

67. $x^{\frac{3}{5}} \div x^{\frac{1}{10}}$

68. $y^{\frac{5}{7}} \div y^{\frac{3}{14}}$

69. $\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}y^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

70. $\frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

71. $\left(\frac{16x^{14}}{18y^{18}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

72. $\left(\frac{81y^{16}}{16x^{12}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

73. $(x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{5}{12}})^{\frac{1}{3}} \div x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

74. $(x^{\frac{3}{4}} \div x^{\frac{7}{8}}) \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{6}}$

75. $\left[(x^{\frac{1}{2}})^2\right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$

76. $\left[\left(\sqrt[3]{x^3y^3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right]^{-1}$

EXERCISES

Simplify each expression. Use only positive exponents.

$$1. (3a^2)(4a^6) \quad | 2a^8$$

$$4. (2x^{-5}y^4)^3 \quad | 8y^{12}/x^{15}$$

$$7. \frac{(4x^2)^0}{2xy^5} \quad | \cancel{1}/2xy^5$$

$$10. (3x^4y^5)^{-3} \quad | \cancel{1}/27x^{12}y^{15}$$

$$13. \frac{x^4x^{-2}}{x^{-5}} \quad | x^7$$

$$14. \frac{(12x^2y^6)^2}{8x^4y^7} \quad | 18y^5$$

$$15. (4p^2q)(p^2q^3) \quad | 4p^4q^4$$

$$18. \frac{-15x^4}{3x} \quad | -5x^3$$

$$21. (s^2t)^3(st) \quad | \cancel{s^7t^4}/st^4$$

$$24. \frac{s^2t^3}{r} \cdot \frac{sr^3}{t} \quad | r^2s^3t^2$$

$$3. (4x^3y^5)^2 \quad | 16x^6y^{10}$$

$$6. \frac{6x^7y^5}{3x^{-1}} \quad | 2x^8y^5$$

$$9. (-6m^2n^2)(3mn) \quad | -18m^3n^3$$

$$11. \frac{(2r^{-1}s^2t^0)^{-2}}{2rs} \quad | \cancel{r}/8s^5$$

$$12. x^5(2x)^3 \quad | 8x^8$$

$$20. \frac{xy^2}{2} \cdot \frac{6x}{y^2} \quad | 3x^2$$

$$23. (h^4k^5)^0 \quad |$$

$$16. \frac{4x^3}{2x} \cdot \frac{2x^2}{\cancel{t^6s^3}} \quad | \cancel{t^6s^3}$$

$$19. \frac{r^2s^3t^4}{r^2s^4t^{-4}} \quad | \cancel{t^8}$$

$$22. (3x^{-3}y^{-2})^{-2} \quad | x^6y^4/9$$

$$19. y = \frac{1}{8x^2 + 4x}$$

$$20. y = 5^x$$

$$21. y = \sqrt{2x - 6}$$

$$18. y = x^2 + 3x - 4$$

Solve each equation by factoring.

$$22. x^2 - 18x - 40 = 0$$

$$23. x^2 - 49 = 0$$

$$24. 5x^2 = 15x$$

$$25. 2x^2 + x = 10$$

$$26. 5x^2 + 2 = -7x$$

$$27. x^2 - 16 = 0$$

$$28. 6x^2 + 18x = 0$$

$$29. x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0$$

$$30. x^2 + 9x + 20 = 0$$

$$31. 4x^2 + 5 + 9x = 0$$

$$32. x^2 - 6x = -8$$

$$33. 2x^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$34. 25x^2 - 9 = 0$$

$$35. 6x^2 + 2 = 7x$$

$$36. 4x^2 + 2 = 6x$$

$$1) (3x+2)(3x-2)$$

$$2) (x-5)(x-2)$$

$$3) (x+8)(x-1)$$

$$4) (x-6)(x+2)$$

$$5) (x-1)(x-4)$$

$$6) (x+7)(x-5)$$

$$7) (x+5)(x+1)$$

$$8) x(x-2)$$

$$9) (x-16)(x+3)$$

$$10) 2(x+7)(x-7)$$

$$11) (2x+1)(4x^2+2x+1)$$

$$12) (x-3)(x+8)$$

$$13) (x-3)(x+2)$$

$$14) (3x+1)(3x-1)$$

$$15) x(x-2)$$

$$16) (-8, \infty)$$

$$17) [-4, \infty)$$

$$18) (-\infty, 2)$$

$$19) (-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$$

$$20) (-1, \infty)$$

$$21) [3, \infty)$$

$$22) (-2, \infty)$$

$$23) x = \pm 7$$

$$24) x = -4, 1$$

$$25) (2x+5)(x-2)$$

$$26) x = -5/2, 2$$

$$27) x = -16/5, -1$$

$$28) x = 0, -3$$

$$29) x = -4, 1$$